# Austin Regional Clinic A Brief History

The Health Industry Forum Washington, DC April 5, 2012

Norman H. Chenven, M.D. Founder & CEO <u>chenven@arcmd.com</u> 512-231-5514



Austin Regional Clinic (ARC) brought managed care to Central Texas in 1980. ARC spent it's first two decades focused on delivering high quality capitated care. Multiple environmental factors dictated a retreat from capitation in 2000 - 2003. Changing conditions in 2011, have rekindled the possibility of a return to value based care.



- The conditions required to provide value based care are:
  - Motivated customers
  - Committed leadership
  - Significant capital to build infrastructure
  - Pricing mismatches (ideally)

These conditions existed in 1980 and appear to be reoccurring in 2011.

## Profile of Austin Regional Clinic

- Physician owned/Physician governed
- 300 physicians
- 18 facilities in 3 counties
- 350,000 active patients (seen within an 18 month period)
- 1,200,000 annual encounters (inpatient and outpatient)
- Multi-specialty group built on a primary care base
- Joint venture MSO with Seton Hospital (since 1999)
- Approximately \$200M in annual revenue



## Our history in a nutshell

- Founded 1980 in an exclusive contract with PruCare HMO (group model).
- Strong growth from onset (17,000 health plan members within first 18 months).
- Health plan/medical group alignment started to fray in 1987 with Prudential management changes.
- Termination of 'exclusive' PruCare contract in 1993 (80,000 fully capitated lives).
- 1993-1998: contracted with 7 regional and national health plans (HMO).



## Our history in a nutshell, cont'd

- 1999: MSO formation with Seton Hospital provided a capital infusion allowing ARC to reinvest & grow.
- 2000-2003: unwinding of all capitated contracts
- 2007: Physician's Health Choice (2,000 Medicare Advantage patients) contract
- 2011: BCBSTX PCMH pilot (44,000 patients)
- 2012: Pioneer ACO (11,500 patients).
- Currently: PCMH discussions with United, Humana and large employers in progress.



### Questions:

- 1. What conditions make it possible to now reengage in value based care?
- 2. What barriers do we face?
- 3. Why do we think it will be different this time?
- 4. What will it really take for managed care to succeed?



### What makes re-engagement a possibility?

- Passage of the Affordable Care Act has ignited enthusiasm nationally for the ACO model.
- Seton Hospital has embraced the concept of population management.
- Large employers have pushed commercial health plans to pilot the PCMH model.
- Technology allows stratification of risk and targeted interventions.
- Payers appear more willing to collaborate.



### What barriers do we face?

- Lack of robust care management infrastructure
- Lack of general provider community alignment
- Essentially total lack of patient engagement
- Expensive and still inadequate info. systems
- Continued FFS payment methodology
- ARC's need to balance competing business models
- Lack of physician and staff understanding of a new paradigm



### What's different this time?

- Enthusiasm for ACO concept has been broad based.
- The Health Care Industry continues to consolidate rapidly.
- Industry and policy makers understand the long term financial threat.
- Information technology continues to improve.



#### What will it *really* take to re-engineer the system?

- Replacement of FFS with capitation
- Evolution towards a "managed competition" market place.
- Responsible political leadership
- Large scale capital investment
- Evolution of American health care culture
- Patience



### AUSTIN REGIONAL CLINIC PRUCARE INANCING THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE

BY COMPANY OF AMERICA

ROBERT C GRAY CONSTRUCTION

THE SHIFLET GROUP ARCHITECTS A.I.A.